

12.5mm Ultra Broadband Wire Grid Linear Polarizer



Mounted Ultra Broadband Wire Grid Linear Polarizer

Stock **#34-314** **12 In Stock**

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1

+

S\$1,665²⁵

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Qty 1-10	S\$1,665.25 each
Qty 11+	S\$1,406.88 each
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SPECIFICATIONS

General

Type:

Linear Polarizer

Physical & Mechanical Properties

Clear Aperture CA (mm):

8.5	
	Diameter (mm):
12.50	
	Thickness (mm):
5.80	
	Dimensional Tolerance (mm):
±0.4	
	Construction:
Wire Grid	
	Alignment Tolerance (°):
±1.0	

Optical Properties

	Angle of Incidence (°):
±20 without depolarization	
	Extinction Ratio:
5000:1 @ 3200nm	
	Substrate:
Fused Silica (Corning 7980)	
	Surface Quality:
80-50	
	Transmission (%):
>80 (Typical) @ 450nm	
	Wavelength Range (nm):
300 - 3200	

Material Properties

	Thermal Expansion:
5.5 x 10 ⁻⁷ /°C	

Environmental & Durability Factors

	Operating Temperature (°C):
-40 to +200	

Regulatory Compliance

	RoHS 2015:
Compliant	
	Reach 224:
Compliant	
	Certificate of Conformance:
View	

PRODUCT DETAILS

- Reflect S-Polarized Light
- Transmit P-Polarized Light
- Excellent Performance from UV to IR

Ultra Broadband Wire Grid Polarizers consist of a thin layer of aluminum MicroWires layered between two Fused Silica windows. Designed for multi-wavelength applications, these polarizers have excellent heat resistance and performance beginning in the UV and extending into the infrared (IR). The polarizers feature a fused silica substrate. Ultra Broadband Wire Grid Polarizers reflect S-polarized light and transmit P-polarized light. These polarizers are available in a variety of thicknesses and clear apertures, in either a 12.5, 25, or 50mm diameter.

Note: The input beam should be oriented towards the cover glass side, indicated by a reference mark which also indicates the direction of the transmission axis.

Wire Grid Polarizers are constructed by attaching MicroWires to the first window, and then applying a thin cover glass onto the wire grid surface to protect the wire from damage. The light is polarized by the birefringent nature of the wire grid surface. When incident light strikes the wire grid, P-polarized light contacts a dielectric and is transmitted, while S-polarized light contacts a mirror and is reflected.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The reference mark on the side of the polarizer indicates the transmission axis as shown:



